

# ISJP

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International Social Justice Project • Arbeitsgruppe für die Bundesrepublik Deutschland

**Codebook of Trend Dataset**

(Merged Data of 1991, 1996 and 2000 Survey)

**Country Specific Codebook**

**East and West Germany**

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## I. Variables

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**V2001** [F3. 1st person household]

ID of person in household

1. 1st person (respondent)

---

**V2002** [F3. 2nd person household]

ID of person in household

2. 2nd person
8. no further person

---

**V2003** [F3. 3rd person household]

ID of person in household

3. 3rd person
8. no further person

---

**V2004** [F3. 4th person household]

ID of person in household

4. 4th person
8. no further person

---

**V2005** [F3. 5th person household]

ID of person in household

5. 5th person
8. no further person

---

**V2006** [F3. 6th person household]

ID of person in household

6. 6th person
8. no further person

---

**V2007** [F3. number of further people in household]

How many further people are there in this household?

- 1-DIGIT code number of people in household
9. NA
  0. INAP, no further people in household

---

**V2008** [F3a. number people working]

How many people in your household work full-time or part-time?

2-DIGIT code number of people working in household

- 96. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]
- 99. NA

---

**V2009** [F6a. current job: Berufsstellung]

Which of the descriptions on this card is the most appropriate to your situation?

2-DIGIT "Berufsstellungen" codes (see Appendix A and C)

Note: In Germany 1991, the list of "Berufsstellungen" differs from the list used in 1996 and 2000. The two lists are both different from the international list of "Berufsstellungen" used in the core-section.

- 99. NA
- 00. INAP, R currently not working (all codes except 1,2,8 in V29)

---

**V2010** [F7. current job: entry of ISCO]

And what exactly do you do in your job?

- 1. ISCO-number available
- 2. no ISCO-number available
- 9. NA
- 0. INAP, R currently not working (all codes except 1,2,8 in V29)

---

**V2011** [F9. current job: rough number employees]

Roughly how many people apart from yourself usually work in your local unit, branch or site of the company you work for?

4-DIGIT code number of employees (rough estimate)

- 9995. over 9,995 employees (rough estimate)
- 9998. DK
- 9999. NA
- 0000. INAP, R currently not working (all codes except 1,2,8 in V29) or precise number of employees given in V35

---

**V2012** [F12a. current job: duration]

How long have you been working in your current job for?

- 1. less than ten years
- 2. at least ten years
- 9. NA
- 0. INAP, R currently not working (all codes except 1,2,8 in V29)

---

**V2013** [F15a. last job: Berufsstellung]

And which of the descriptions on this card is the most appropriate to your past situation?

2-DIGIT “Berufsstellungen” codes (see Appendix A and C)

Note: In Germany 1991, the list of “Berufsstellungen” differs from the list used in 1996 and 2000. The two lists are both different from the international list of “Berufsstellungen” used in the core-section.

- 99. NA
- 00. INAP, coded INAP in V40

---

**V2014** [F16. last job: entry of ISCO]

And what exactly do you do in your job?

- 1. ISCO-number available
- 2. no ISCO-number available
- 9. NA
- 0. INAP, coded INAP in V40

---

**V2015** [F18. last job: rough number employees]

Roughly how many people apart from yourself usually worked in your local unit, branch or site of the company you worked for?

4-DIGIT code number of employees people (rough estimate)

- 9995. over 9,995 employees (rough estimate)
- 9998. DK
- 9999. NA
- 0000. INAP, coded INAP in V40 or precise number of employees given in V47

---

**V2016** [F22. last job: duration]

How long were you working in your last job for?

- 1. less than ten years
- 2. at least ten years
- 9. NA
- 0. INAP, coded INAP in V40

---

**V2017** [F24. education]

What is the highest educational qualification you have obtained?

2-DIGIT code of Categories of formal education qualifications (see Appendix B)

Note: In Germany separate lists of Categories of formal education qualifications have been used in 1991 and 1996.

- 99. NA

---

**V2018** [F24a. graduation: year]

When did you obtain that certificate?

2-DIGIT code Year (last two digits)

- 98. DK
- 99. NA
- 00. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]

---

**V2019** [F25. vocational education: currently]

F25. What kind of vocational training have you completed, what kind of vocational education have you had?

presently engaged in secondary education or vocational training

- 1. yes
- 2. no
- 6. INAP, is still in education [EG 1991, WG 1991]
- 9. NA

---

**V2020** [F25. vocational education: student]

Student

Note: See V2019 for complete wording of question.

- 1. yes
- 2. no
- 6. INAP, is still in education [EG 1991, WG 1991]
- 9. NA

---

**V2021** [F25. voc. education: Betr.Anlernzeit]

On-the-job training without certificate

Note: See V2019 for complete wording of question.

- 1. yes
- 2. no
- 6. INAP, is still in education [EG 1991, WG 1991]
- 9. NA

---

**V2022** [F25. voc. education: Gewerbl.Lehre]

Industrial training with certificate (apprenticeship)

Note: See V2019 for complete wording of question.

- 1. yes
- 2. no
- 6. INAP, is still in education [EG 1991, WG 1991]
- 9. NA

---

**V2023** [F25. vocational education: Kaufm.Lehre]

Commercial/administrative training with certificate (apprenticeship)

Note: See V2019 for complete wording of question.

1. yes
2. no
6. INAP, is still in education [EG 1991, WG 1991]
9. NA

---

**V2024** [F25. vocational education: Landw.Lehre]

Training in home economics or agricultural training with certificate (apprenticeship)

Note: See V2019 for complete wording of question.

1. yes
2. no
6. INAP, is still in education [EG 1991, WG 1991]
9. NA

---

**V2025** [F25. voc. education: Berufsfachschule]

Intermediate vocational qualification ("Berufsfachschulabschluss")

Note: See V2019 for complete wording of question.

1. yes
2. no
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]

---

**V2026** [F25. vocational education: internship]

internship, trainee program

Note: See V2019 for complete wording of question.

1. yes
2. no
6. INAP, is still in education [EG 1991, WG 1991]
9. NA

---

**V2027** [F25. vocational education: Meister]

Master craftsman's certificate or technician certificate

Note: See V2019 for complete wording of question.

1. yes
2. no
6. INAP, is still in education [EG 1991, WG 1991]
9. NA

---

**V2028** [F25. vocational education: Fachschule]

Intermediate vocational qualification (“Fachschulabschluss”)

Note: See V2019 for complete wording of question.

1. yes
2. no
6. INAP, is still in education [EG 1991, WG 1991]
9. NA

---

**V2029** [F25. voc. education: Fachhochschule]

Technical college completion (“Fachhochschul- / Ingenieurabschluss”)

Note: See V2019 for complete wording of question.

1. yes
2. no
6. INAP, is still in education [EG 1991, WG 1991]
9. NA

---

**V2030** [F25. voc. educ.: Hochschule ohne Diplom]

Completion of university without diploma

Note: See V2019 for complete wording of question.

1. yes
2. no
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]

---

**V2031** [F25. voc. educ.: Hochschule mit Diplom]

University degree (diploma, doctorate)

Note: See V2019 for complete wording of question.

1. yes
2. no
6. INAP, is still in education [EG 1991, WG 1991]
9. NA

---

**V2032** [F25. vocational education: other]

other vocational training

Note: See V2019 for complete wording of question.

1. yes
2. no
6. INAP, is still in education [EG 1991, WG 1991]
9. NA

---

**V2033** [F25. vocational education: none]

no vocational training

Note: See V2019 for complete wording of question.

1. yes
2. no
6. INAP, is still in education [EG 1991, WG 1991]
9. NA

---

**V2034** [F26. marital status]

What is your marital status?

1. married and living together with husband / wife
2. married, but separated
3. divorced
4. widowed
5. single, no previous marriage
9. NA

---

**V2035** [F26a. partner]

Are you living together with a partner?

1. yes
2. no
9. NA
0. INAP, coded 1 in V2034

---

**V2036** [F27. partner: education]

What is the highest educational certificate your partner has obtained?

2-DIGIT code of Categories of formal education qualifications (see Appendix B)

Note: In Germany separate lists of Categories of formal education qualifications have been used in 1991 and 1996.

10. a different certificate of education
98. DK
99. NA
00. INAP, no partner

---

**V2037** [F27a. partner graduation: year]

When did your partner obtain that certificate?

2-DIGIT code Year (last two digits)

98. DK
99. NA
00. INAP, no partner or not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]

---

**V2038** [F28. partner voc. education: currently]

F28. What kind of vocational training has your partner completed, what kind of vocational education has he/she had?

presently engaged in secondary education or vocational training

1. yes
2. no
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, no partner

---

**V2039** [F28. partner voc. education: Student]

Student

Note: See V2038 for complete wording of question.

1. yes
2. no
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, no partner

---

**V2040** [F28. partner voc. educ.: Betr.Anlernzeit]

On-the-job training without certificate

Note: See V2038 for complete wording of question.

1. yes
2. no
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, no partner

---

**V2041** [F28. partner voc. educ.: Gew.Lehre]

Industrial training with certificate (apprenticeship)

Note: See V2038 for complete wording of question.

1. yes
2. no
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, no partner

---

**V2042** [F28. partner voc. education: Kaufm.Lehre]

Commercial/administrative training with certificate (apprenticeship)

Note: See V2038 for complete wording of question.

1. yes
2. no
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, no partner

---

**V2043** [F28. partner voc. education: Landw.Lehre]

Training in home economics or agricultural training with certificate (apprenticeship)

Note: See V2038 for complete wording of question.

1. yes
2. no
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, no partner

---

**V2044** [F28. partner voc. educ.: Berufsfachschn.]

Intermediate vocational qualification ("Berufsfachschulabschluss")

Note: See V2038 for complete wording of question.

1. yes
2. no
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, no partner, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]

---

**V2045** [F28. partner voc. education: internship]

internship, trainee program

Note: See V2038 for complete wording of question.

1. yes
2. no
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, no partner

---

**V2046** [F28. partner voc. education: Meister]

Master craftsman's certificate or technician certificate

Note: See V2038 for complete wording of question.

1. yes
2. no
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, no partner

---

**V2047** [F28. partner voc. education: Fachschule]

intermediate vocational qualification ("Fachschulabschluss")

Note: See V2038 for complete wording of question.

1. yes
2. no
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, no partner

---

**V2048** [F28. partner voc. educ.: Fachhochschule]

Technical college completion ("Fachhochschul-/ Ingenieurabschluss")

Note: See V2038 for complete wording of question.

1. yes
2. no
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, no partner

---

**V2049** [F28. partner voc. educ.: Hochsch. o/Dipl]

Completion of university without diploma

Note: See V2038 for complete wording of question.

1. yes
2. no
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, no partner or not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]

---

**V2050** [F28. partner voc. educ.: Hochsch. m/Dipl]

University degree (diploma, doctorate)

Note: See V2038 for complete wording of question.

- 1. yes
- 2. no
- 8. DK
- 9. NA
- 0. INAP, no partner

---

**V2051** [F28. partner vocational education: other]

other vocational training

Note: See V2038 for complete wording of question.

- 1. yes
- 2. no
- 8. DK
- 9. NA
- 0. INAP, no partner

---

**V2052** [F28. partner vocational education: none]

no vocational training

Note: See V2038 for complete wording of question.

- 1. yes
- 2. no
- 8. DK
- 9. NA
- 0. INAP, no partner

---

**V2053** [F31a. partner: Berufsstellung]

And which of the descriptions on this card is the most appropriate to his or her situation?

2-DIGIT "Berufsstellungen" codes (see Appendix A and C)

Note: In Germany 1991, the list of "Berufsstellungen" differs from the list used in 1996 and 2000. The two lists are both different from the international list of "Berufsstellungen" used in the core-section.

- 99. NA
- 00. INAP, no partner or partner not working or partner in education

---

**V2054** [F32. partner: entry of ISCO]

And what exactly does he/she do in their job?

1. ISCO-number available
2. no ISCO-number available
9. NA
0. INAP, no partner or partner not working

---

**V2055** [F37. other region poor: percentage]

Note: In Germany, questions on “poor” and “rich” were asked in two versions in East and West Germany respectively.

In interviews conducted in the East, the questions about the East were placed in the core, and the questions about the West are coded here as variables V2055 to V2058.

In interviews conducted in the West, the questions about the West were placed in the core, and the questions about the East are here as variables V2055 to V2058.

[The corresponding variables in the core section are V77, V78, V87, V88.]

These days people often talk about poverty. Roughly what percentage of people in the [EG: Western part of Germany, WG: Eastern part of Germany] would you say are poor? That is, people who have barely enough for food and shelter but are not able to buy much else for themselves and those who do not have even that.

0. none
- 1-100. percentage of poor in COUNTRY
996. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 2000, WG 2000]
998. DK
999. NA

---

**V2056** [F38. other region poor: development]

And what about the next five years: do you think that the percentage of poor people in the [EG: Western part of Germany, WG: Eastern part of Germany] will increase, decrease, or stay about the same?

1. increase
  2. decrease
  3. stay about the same
  8. DK
  9. NA
  0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 2000, WG 2000]
-

**V2057** [F41. other region rich: percentage]

Now about rich people. That is, people who have enough money to buy themselves almost anything. Let's consider the [EG: Western part of Germany, WG: Eastern part of Germany]. What percentage of people there would you say are rich?

- 0. none
- 1-100. percentage of rich in COUNTRY
- 996. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 2000, WG 2000]
- 998. DK
- 999. NA

**V2058** [F42. other region rich: development]

Over the next five years, do you think that the percentage of rich people in the [EG: Western part of Germany, WG: Eastern part of Germany] will increase, decrease, or stay about the same?

- 1. increase
- 2. decrease
- 3. about the same
- 8. DK
- 9. NA
- 0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 2000, WG 2000]

**V2059** [F45e. discrimination <89: money]

F45. Sometimes people experience injustice in their lives. How often before 1989 did you personally experience injustice because of the following factors?  
Was it very often, often, sometimes, rarely, or never?

Because you had too little money

- 1. very often
- 2. often
- 3. sometimes
- 4. rarely
- 5. never
- 8. DK
- 9. NA
- 0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, WG 1996, EG 2000, WG 2000]

---

**V2060** [F45h. discrimination <89: other]

Other reasons

Note: See V2059 for complete wording of question.

1. very often
2. often
3. sometimes
4. rarely
5. never
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, WG 1996, EG 2000, WG 2000]

---

**V2061** [F46e. discrimination: money]

F46: Looking at this card, please tell me how often have you, since 1989, personally experienced injustice because of the following factors?

Was it very often, often, sometimes, rarely, or never?

Because you had too little money

1. very often
2. often
3. sometimes
4. rarely
5. never
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 2000, WG 2000]

---

**V2062** [F46h. discrimination: other]

Other reasons

Note: See V2060 for complete wording of question.

1. very often
2. often
3. sometimes
4. rarely
5. never
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 2000, WG 2000]

---

**V2063** [F49a. other region pay is: education]

F49. How much influence do you think do these factors actually have in determining level of pay in the [EG: Western part of Germany, WG: Eastern part of Germany]?

Note: In Germany, questions on factors that actually determine pay were asked in two versions in East and West Germany respectively.

In interviews conducted in the East, the questions about the East were placed in the core, and the questions about the West are coded here as variables V2063 or V2069.

In interviews conducted in the West, the questions about the West were placed in the core, and the questions about the East are coded here as variables V2063 to V2069.

[The corresponding variables in the core section are V122 to V128.]

The employee's level of education:

1. a very great influence
2. a great influence
3. some influence
4. almost no influence
5. no influence
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [WG 1991, EG 2000, WG 2000]

---

**V2064** [F49b. other region pay is: working cond.]

Unpleasant working conditions such as dirty, noisy or strenuous work:

Note: See V2063 for complete wording of question.

1. a very great influence
2. a great influence
3. some influence
4. almost no influence
5. no influence
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [WG 1991, EG 2000, WG 2000]

---

**V2065** [F49c. other region pay is: effort]

The employee's individual effort:

Note: See V2063 for complete wording of question.

1. a very great influence
2. a great influence
3. some influence
4. almost no influence
5. no influence
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [WG 1991, EG 2000, WG 2000]

---

**V2066** [F49d. other region pay is: family size]

The size of the family the employee supports:

Note: See V2063 for complete wording of question.

1. a very great influence
2. a great influence
3. some influence
4. almost no influence
5. no influence
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [WG 1991, EG 2000, WG 2000]

---

**V2067** [F49e. other region pay is:responsibility]

The responsibility held by the employee on the job:

Note: See V2063 for complete wording of question.

1. a very great influence
2. a great influence
3. some influence
4. almost no influence
5. no influence
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [WG 1991, EG 2000, WG 2000]

---

**V2068** [F49f. other region pay is: seniority]

The length of service with employer:

Note: See V2063 for complete wording of question.

1. a very great influence
2. a great influence
3. some influence
4. almost no influence
5. no influence
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [WG 1991, EG 2000, WG 2000]

---

**V2069** [F49g. other region pay: sex]

Being a man and not a woman:

Note: See V2063 for complete wording of question.

1. a very great influence
2. a great influence
3. some influence
4. almost no influence
5. no influence
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [WG 1991, EG 2000, WG 2000]

---

**V2070** [F54a. future satisfaction: income]

F54. Thinking about the future: how satisfied do you think will you be in three years' time...

...with your income:

1. completely dissatisfied
2. ...
3. ...
4. neutral
5. ...
6. ...
7. completely satisfied
8. DK
9. NA

---

**V2071** [F54b. future satisfaction: job]

...with the job you will have then:

Note: See V2070 for complete wording of question.

1. completely dissatisfied
2. ...
3. ...
4. neutral
5. ...
6. ...
7. completely satisfied
9. NA
8. DK
0. INAP, R will not be working then [EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2072** [F54c. future satisfact.: living standard]

...with the standard of living you will have then:

Note: See V2070 for complete wording of question.

1. completely dissatisfied
2. ...
3. ...
4. neutral
5. ...
6. ...
7. completely satisfied
8. DK
9. NA

---

**V2073** [F54d. future satisfact.: polit. system]

...with the political system in Germany:

Note: See V2070 for complete wording of question.

1. completely dissatisfied
2. ...
3. ...
4. neutral
5. ...
6. ...
7. completely satisfied
8. DK
9. NA

---

**V2074** [F54e. future satisfaction: whole]

...with your life in general:

Note: See V2070 for complete wording of question.

1. completely dissatisfied
2. ...
3. ...
4. neutral
5. ...
6. ...
7. completely satisfied
8. DK
9. NA

---

**V2075** [F55. income source: pension]

F55. What are the sources of your total household income?

The respondent's pension:

1. yes
2. no
7. Refused
8. DK
9. NA

---

**V2076** [F55. income source: other pension]

Someone else's pension (e.g. the partner's):

Note: See V2075 for complete wording of question.

1. yes
2. no
7. Refused
8. DK
9. NA

---

**V2077** [F55. income source: welfare/study grant]

Welfare benefits / study grant:

Note: See V2075 for complete wording of question.

1. yes
2. no
7. Refused
8. DK
9. NA

---

**V2078** [F55. income source: other]

other sources:

Note: See V2075 for complete wording of question.

1. yes
2. no
7. Refused
8. DK
9. NA

---

**V2079** [F55. income source: refused]

refused:

Note: See V2075 for complete wording of question.

- 1. yes
- 2. no
- 8. DK
- 9. NA

---

**V2080** [F55. income source: DK]

DK:

Note: See V2075 for complete wording of question.

- 1. yes
- 2. no
- 7. Refused
- 9. NA

---

**V2081** [F55a. number of income recipients]

How many people contribute to the total household income?

- |         |   |
|---------|---|
| 2-DIGIT | number of people                              |
| 99.     | NA  |
| 00.     | INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991] |

---

**V2082** [F60. household income: evaluation]

Would you say your total (household) income is more than you need, about right, or less than you need?  
Please answer with the help of this scale, ranging from plus 5 (much more than I need) to minus 5 (much less than I need).

Note: The German 11-point scale coded below has been recoded to the international 5-point scale in the core questionnaire codebook, V157.

- 5. much less than needed
  - 4. ...
  - 3. ...
  - 2. ...
  - 1. ...
  - 0. neutral
  - 1. ...
  - 2. ...
  - 3. ...
  - 4. ...
  - 5. much more than needed
  - 6. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 2000, WG 2000]
  - 8. DK
  - 9. NA
-

**V2083** [F62. job income: evaluation]

Thinking about your own current income, do you think it is more than you deserve, about right, or less than you deserve?

Please answer with the help of this scale, ranging from plus 5 (much more than I deserve) to minus 5 (much less than I deserve).

Note: The German 11-point scale coded below has been recoded to the international 5-point scale in the core questionnaire codebook, V162.

- 5. much less than deserved
- 4. ...
- 3. ...
- 2. ...
- 1. ...
- 0. neutral
- 1. ...
- 2. ...
- 3. ...
- 4. ...
- 5. much more than deserved
- 6. INAP, currently not working (all codes except 1,2,8 in V29) or not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]
- 8. DK
- 9. NA

**V2084** [F68. chairman income: evaluation]

Do you think this income is more than a chairman or managing director of a large corporation deserves, somewhat just, or less than deserved? Please answer with the help of this scale, ranging from plus 5 (much more than deserved) to minus 5 (much less than deserved).

Note: The German 11-point scale coded below has been recoded to the international 5-point scale in the core questionnaire codebook, V168.

- 5. much less than deserved
- 4. ...
- 3. ...
- 2. ...
- 1. ...
- 0. neutral
- 1. ...
- 2. ...
- 3. ...
- 4. ...
- 5. much more than deserved
- 6. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]
- 8. DK
- 9. NA

---

**V2085** [F70. worker income: evaluation]

Do you think this income is more than an unskilled worker, say a factory line worker deserves, somewhat just, or less than deserved? Please answer with the help of this scale, ranging from plus 5 (much more than deserved) to minus 5 (much less than deserved).

**Note:** The German 11-point scale coded below has been recoded to the international 5-point scale in the core questionnaire codebook, V171.

- 5. much less than deserved
- 4. ...
- 3. ...
- 2. ...
- 1. ...
- 0. neutral
- 1. ...
- 2. ...
- 3. ...
- 4. ...
- 5. much more than deserved
- 6. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]
- 8. DK
- 9. NA

---

**V2086** [F71. income differences other region]

Thinking about income differences in general, across all kinds of jobs: do you believe the income differences in the Western/Eastern part of the country are...

**Note:** In Germany, questions on income differences were asked in two versions in East and West Germany respectively.

In interviews conducted in the East, the question about the East was placed in the core, and the question about the West is coded here as variable V2086.

In interviews conducted in the West, the question about the West was placed in the core, and the questions about the East is coded here as variable V2086. In the western part of Germany it has not been asked for income differences in the East in 1991.

[The corresponding variable in the core section is V173.]

- 1. far too big
- 2. slightly too big
- 3. about appropriate
- 4. slightly too small
- 5. far too small
- 8. DK
- 9. NA
- 0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [WG 1991]

---

**V2087** [F75a. party ID: what party]

What party would your preference be?

- 01. CDU/CSU
- 02. SPD
- 03. F.D.P.
- 04. Bündnis 90/Die Grünen
- 05. PDS
- 06. Republikaner
- 07. NPD
- 08. a different party
- 97. answer refused
- 98. DK
- 99. NA
- 00. INAP, coded 2,7 or 8 in V694

---

**V2088** [F81a. other region: equal opportunities]

F81. Please tell me about the following statements how much you agree or disagree with them.  
Let's consider the [EG: Western part of Germany, WG: Eastern part of Germany]:

Note: In Germany, the four subsequent questions were asked in two versions in East and West Germany respectively.

In interviews conducted in the East, the questions about the East were placed in the core, and the questions about the West are coded here as variables V2088 to V2091.

In interviews conducted in the West, the questions about the West were placed in the core, and the questions about the East are coded here as variables V2088 to V2091.

[The corresponding variables in the core section are V196 to V199.]

In the [EG: Western part of Germany, WG: Eastern part of Germany], people have equal opportunities to get ahead.

- 1. strongly agree
- 2. somewhat agree
- 3. neither agree or disagree
- 4. somewhat disagree
- 5. strongly disagree
- 8. DK
- 9. NA
- 0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 2000, WG 2000]

---

**V2089** [F81b. other region: reward for effort]

In the [EG: Western part of Germany, WG: Eastern part of Germany], people get rewarded for their effort.

Note: See V2088 for complete wording of question.

1. strongly agree
2. somewhat agree
3. neither agree or disagree
4. somewhat disagree
5. strongly disagree
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 2000, WG 2000]

---

**V2090** [F81c. other region: people get what need]

In the [EG: Western part of Germany, WG: Eastern part of Germany], people get what they need.

Note: See V2088 for complete wording of question.

1. strongly agree
2. somewhat agree
3. neither agree or disagree
4. somewhat disagree
5. strongly disagree
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 2000, WG 2000]

---

**V2091** [F81d. other region: reward for intellig.]

In the [EG: Western part of Germany, WG: Eastern part of Germany], people get rewarded for their intelligence and skill.

Note: See V2088 for complete wording of question.

1. strongly agree
2. somewhat agree
3. neither agree or disagree
4. somewhat disagree
5. strongly disagree
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 2000, WG 2000]

---

**V2092** [F84a. operation: usefulness]

F84. Now I am going to describe you a situation in a hospital and then ask you for your opinion about it: Three patients are admitted to a hospital at the same time, all suffering from a form of heart disease requiring surgery. However, the limited resources of the hospital allow only one heart operation each month. All three cases are equally urgent. The patient who is treated first will have a better chance of survival. Now can you tell me what would be your view of each one of the following decisions, using the scale from this card.

The decision is made by judging the usefulness of each patient for society at large.

1. very just
2. somewhat just
3. somewhat unjust
4. very unjust
  
8. DK
9. NA

---

**V2093** [F84b. operation: hospital regulations]

The decision is made by following the rules of the hospital, whatever they may be.

Note: See V2092 for complete wording of question.

1. very just
2. somewhat just
3. somewhat unjust
4. very unjust
  
8. DK
9. NA

---

**V2094** [F84c. operation: money]

The patient who can afford to pay most is treated first.

Note: See V2092 for complete wording of question.

1. very just
2. somewhat just
3. somewhat unjust
4. very unjust
  
8. DK
9. NA

---

**V2095** [F84d. operation: largest family]

The patient supporting the largest family is treated first.

Note: See V2092 for complete wording of question.

1. very just
2. somewhat just
3. somewhat unjust
4. very unjust
  
8. DK
9. NA

---

**V2096** [F84e. operation: decision of families]

The families of the patients are left to decide amongst themselves.

Note: See V2092 for complete wording of question.

1. very just
2. somewhat just
3. somewhat unjust
4. very unjust
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]

---

**V2097** [F84f. operation: lottery]

The decision about which patient goes first is made by a lottery.

Note: See V2092 for complete wording of question.

1. very just
2. somewhat just
3. somewhat unjust
4. very unjust
  
8. DK
9. NA

---

**V2098** [F85g. flat: usefulness]

F85. I will describe another situation and then ask you to tell me your view about the justice of each of the decisions. A small firm has an apartment to rent. Three of its employees want the apartment. A choice has to be made. Now, what would be your view of the following decisions, using the same scale on this card.

The decision is made by judging the usefulness of each employee to the firm.

1. very just
2. somewhat just
3. somewhat unjust
4. very unjust
  
8. DK
9. NA

---

**V2099** [F85h. flat: regulations]

The decision is made following the rules that apply, whatever they may be.

Note: See V2098 for complete wording of question.

1. very just
  2. somewhat just
  3. somewhat unjust
  4. very unjust
  8. DK
  9. NA
  0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]
- 

**V2100** [F85j. flat: money]

The apartment is let to the employee willing to pay most.

Note: See V2098 for complete wording of question.

1. very just
  2. somewhat just
  3. somewhat unjust
  4. very unjust
  8. DK
  9. NA
  0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]
- 

**V2101** [F85k. flat: largest family]

The apartment is let to the employee with the largest family to support.

Note: See V2098 for complete wording of question.

1. very just
  2. somewhat just
  3. somewhat unjust
  4. very unjust
  8. DK
  9. NA
- 

**V2102** [F85l. flat: decision of employees]

The decision is left to the three employees themselves, and whatever they may decide.

Note: See V2098 for complete wording of question.

1. very just
2. somewhat just
3. somewhat unjust
4. very unjust
8. DK
9. NA

---

**V2103** [F85m. flat: lottery]

The decision about who gets the apartment is made by a lottery.

Note: See V2098 for complete wording of question.

1. very just
2. somewhat just
3. somewhat unjust
4. very unjust
8. DK
9. NA

---

**V2104** [F86p. nationality: usefulness]

F86. Here is a third situation:

Some countries allow only a limited number of people to be naturalized each year. It is therefore necessary to treat every case on its individual merit before deciding whether a person should be naturalized. Imagine three people coming to see the officer at the bureau of naturalization wishing to become naturalized. It is equally important for each one of the three to become citizen of that state. The officer at the bureau can, however, only give the citizenship to one of the three people. What should he do? Now, what would be your view on each one of the following decisions, using the scale on this card.

The citizenship is awarded to the person whose work is most useful to society.

1. very just
2. somewhat just
3. somewhat unjust
4. very unjust
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]

---

**V2105** [F86q. nationality: regulations]

The decision is made by strictly following the rules of the country, whatever they may be.

Note: See V2104 for complete wording of question.

1. very just
2. somewhat just
3. somewhat unjust
4. very unjust
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]

---

**V2106** [F86r. nationality: money]

The citizenship is awarded to the person willing to pay most.

Note: See V2104 for complete wording of question.

1. very just
2. somewhat just
3. somewhat unjust
4. very unjust
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]

---

**V2107** [F86s. nationality: largest family]

The citizenship is awarded to the one with the largest family to support.

Note: See V2104 for complete wording of question.

1. very just
2. somewhat just
3. somewhat unjust
4. very unjust
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]

---

**V2108** [F86t. nationality: decision of applic.]

The three people are left to decide amongst themselves.

Note: See V2104 for complete wording of question.

1. very just
2. somewhat just
3. somewhat unjust
4. very unjust
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]

---

**V2109** [F86u. nationality: lottery]

The decision about who gets the citizenship is made by a lottery.

Note: See V2104 for complete wording of question.

1. very just
  2. somewhat just
  3. somewhat unjust
  4. very unjust
  
  8. DK
  9. NA
  0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]
-

**V2110** [F89h. get ahead: from West, not East]

How important do you think is it for having a high social standing in Germany to be from the Western and not from the Eastern part of the country?

1. very important
2. somewhat important
3. not very important
4. not at all important
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]

**V2111** [F90a. state provision]

F90. Let's have a look at two opinions on the role of the state for providing financial cover in case of personal hazards, e.g. illness, accidents, or old age. Please tell me, regarding the following statements, whether you fully agree, somewhat agree, neither agree nor disagree, or whether you disagree somewhat or totally disagree.

The state has the duty to care for the well-being of its citizens and therefore has to provide financial cover in case of personal hazards using tax revenues.

1. I fully agree
2. I somewhat agree
3. I neither agree nor do I disagree
4. I somewhat disagree
5. I totally disagree
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNRTY [EG 2000, WG 2000]

**V2112** [F90b. personal provision]

Every individual has to take full financial responsibility for his personal hazards; the state merely has the duty to create a legal setting for it.

Note: See V2104 for complete wording of question.

1. I fully agree
2. I somewhat agree
3. I neither agree nor do I disagree
4. I somewhat disagree
5. I totally disagree
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNRTY [EG 2000, WG 2000]

---

**V2113** [F93. father: employment]

Did your father have a job when you were fifteen years old?

1. yes, he did.
2. no, he didn't.
6. my father was dead by that time.
8. I don't know, I don't know my father.
9. NA

---

**V2114** [F93a. father: reason for unemployment]

Why was your father not employed at that time?

1. he was unemployed
2. he was retired or disabled
3. he was fighting in the war or he was a prisoner of war
4. other
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, coded 1,6,8 or 9 in V2113

---

**V2115** [F94a. job father: Berufsstellung]

And which of the descriptions on this card would have been the most appropriate to his situation?

2-DIGIT "Berufsstellungen" codes (see Appendix A and C)

Note: In Germany 1991, the list of "Berufsstellungen" differs from the list used in 1996 and 2000. The two lists are both different from the international list of "Berufsstellungen" used in the core-section.

98. DK
99. NA
00. INAP, or father had not worked up till then or father unknown or father was dead

---

**V2116** [F95. job father: entry of ISCO]

And what exactly did he do in his job?

1. ISCO-number available
2. no ISCO-number available
9. NA
0. INAP, or father had not worked up till then or father unknown or father was dead

---

**V2117** [F99a. previous job: Berufsstellung]

Which of the descriptions on this card would have been the most appropriate to your previous job?

2-DIGIT "Berufsstellungen" codes (see Appendix A and C)

Note: In Germany 1991, the list of "Berufsstellungen" differs from the list used in 1996 and 2000. The two lists are both different from the international list of "Berufsstellungen" used in the core-section.

- 99. NA
- 00. INAP, coded 2,8,9 or 0 in V55

---

**V2118** [F100. previous job: entry of ISCO]

And what exactly did you do in that job?

- 1. ISCO-number available
- 2. no ISCO-number available
- 9. NA
- 0. INAP, coded 2,8,9 or 0 in V55

---

**V2119** [F101a. name religious denomination]

What is your religious denomination?

- 1. Roman Catholic
- 2. Protestant (not "Freikirchen")
- 3. Protestant "Freikirchen"
- 4. a different Christian religious congregation
- 5. other than Christian
- 7. answer refused
- 8. DK
- 9. NA
- 0. INAP, coded 2,8 or 9 in V701

---

**V2120** [F101c. how close to religious community]

How strongly attached do you feel to your church or religious denomination?

- 1. very strongly attached
- 2. strongly attached
- 3. not that strongly attached
- 4. not attached at all
- 9. NA
- 0. INAP, coded 2,8 or 9 in V701 or not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]

---

**V2121** [F102. member of trade union]

Are you personally or is another member of your household a member of a union?

1. yes, I am myself
2. yes, someone else is
3. I am myself and someone else is as well
4. nobody is
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]

---

**V2122** [F102a. how close to trade union]

How strongly attached do you feel to that union?

1. very strongly attached
2. strongly attached
3. not that strongly attached
4. not attached at all
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]

---

**V2123** [F103. eligible to vote in election 94]

The last general election was on October 16th, 1994. Were you eligible to vote then?

1. yes
2. no
9. NA

---

**V2124** [F105. party voted for]

What party did you vote for in 1994?

01. CDU/CSU
02. SPD
03. F.D.P
04. Bündnis90/Die Grünen
05. PDS
06. Die Republikaner
07. NPD
08. DKP
09. ÖDP
10. Graue Panther
11. Other Party
96. I only voted for a candidate, not for a party
97. answer refused
98. DK
99. NA
00. INAP, coded 2 or 9 in V2123

---

**V2125** [F105a. would vote for which party now]

If there were a general election this upcoming Sunday, which party would you vote for?

01. CDU/CSU
02. SPD
03. FDP
04. Bündnis90/Die Grünen
05. PDS
06. Die Republikaner
07. NPD
08. DKP
09. ÖDP
10. Graue Panther
11. Other Party
  
96. I would certainly not vote
97. answer refused
98. DK
99. NA
00. INAP, coded 2, 3, 8, 9, or 0 in V230 or not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]

---

**V2126** [F106. residence in summer 89]

Where did you live in the summer of 1989, i.e. shortly before the wall fell?

1. in the old Federal Republic
2. in the former GDR
3. abroad
  
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]

---

**V2127** [F107. place of birth]

Were you born in the former [EG: GDR including East Berlin; WG: FRG including West Berlin]?

Note: In 2000, question on the place of birth was asked in V2260.

1. yes
2. no
  
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 2000, WG 2000]

---

**V2128** [F108. resident in East since month]

Since when have you been living in the [EG: Eastern part of Germany including East Berlin; WG: Western part of Germany including West Berlin]? (MONTH or SEASON)

01.-12. for months, January-December

- 13. spring
- 14. summer
- 15. autumn
- 16. winter
- 98. DK
- 99. NA
- 00. INAP, coded 1 in V2127 or not asked in COUNTRY [EG 2000, WG 2000]

---

**V2129** [F108. resident in East since year]

Since when have you been living in the [EG: Eastern part of Germany including East Berlin; WG: Western part of Germany including West Berlin]? (YEAR)

2-DIGIT code Year (last two digits)

- 98. DK
- 99. NA
- 00. INAP, coded 1 in V2127 or not asked in COUNTRY [EG 2000, WG 2000]

---

**V2130** [F109. place of residence before East]

Where did you live before?

- 1. former West Germany including West Berlin [WG] or former East Germany including East Berlin [EG]
- 2. former German territory (Pomerania, Silesia, East Prussia)
- 3. neighboring countries to the East; South East Europe
- 4. other European countries
- 5. outside of Europe
- 7. answer refused
- 8. DK
- 9. NA
- 0. INAP, coded 1 in V2127 or not asked in COUNTRY [EG 2000, WG 2000]

---

**V2131** [F110. telephone]

Do you have a telephone here?

- 1. yes
- 2. no
- 9. NA
- 0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 2000, WG 2000]

## II. Standard Information / Country Weights / Mayer-Status-Scales

---

**V2132** [ADM-net]

ADM-net :

- 71. West
- 44. East
- 99. NA, not available in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]

---

**V2133** [sampling point in net]

Sampling point in net:

- 3-DIGIT (point)
- 999. NA, not available in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]

---

**V2134** [Bundesland]

Bundesland:

- 01. Schleswig-Holstein
- 02. Hamburg
- 03. Niedersachsen (Lower Saxony)
- 04. Bremen
- 05. Nordrhein-Westfalen (North Rhine Westfalia)
- 06. Hessen (Hesse)
- 07. Rheinland-Pfalz (Rhineland Palatinate)
- 08. Baden-Württemberg
- 09. Bayern (Bavaria)
- 10. Saarland
- 11. Berlin
- 12. Brandenburg
- 13. Mecklenburg-Vorpommern (Mecklenburg-West Pomerania)
- 14. Sachsen (Saxony)
- 15. Saxony-Anhalt
- 16. Thüringen (Thuringia)
- 99. NA

---

**V2135** [Regierungsbezirk]

## Regierungsbezirk:

- 010. Schleswig-Holstein
- 020. Hamburg
- 031. Braunschweig
- 032. Hannover (Hanover)
- 033. Lüneburg
- 034. Weser
- 040. Bremen
- 051. Düsseldorf
- 053. Köln (Cologne)
- 055. Münster
- 057. Detmold
- 059. Arnsberg
- 064. Darmstadt
- 065. Gießen
- 066. Kassel
- 071. Koblenz
- 072. Trier
- 073. Rheinhessen-Pfalz (Rhinehesse-Palatinate)
- 081. Stuttgart
- 082. Karlsruhe
- 083. Freiburg
- 084. Tübingen
- 091. Oberbayern (Upper Bavaria)
- 092. Niederbayern (Lower Bavaria)
- 093. Oberpfalz (Upper Palatinate)
- 094. Oberfranken
- 095. Mittelfranken
- 096. Unterfranken
- 097. Schwaben (Swabia)
- 100. Saarland
- 112. Ost-Berlin (East Berlin) [EG] or  
West-Berlin (West Berlin) [WG]
- 120. Brandenburg
- 130. Mecklenburg-Vorpommern (Mecklenburg-West Pomerania)
- 140. Sachsen (Saxony)
- 151. Dessau
- 152. Halle
- 153. Magdeburg
- 160. Thüringen (Thuringia)
- 999. NA, not available in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]

---

**V2136** [size community (BIK)]

size of community (BIK)

1. up to 1,999 inhabitants
2. 2,000 to 4,999 inhabitants
3. 5,000 to 19,999 inhabitants
4. 20,000 to 49,000 inhabitants
5. 50,000 to 99,999 inhabitants
6. 100,000 to 499,000 inhabitants
7. 500,000 inhabitants or more
9. NA

---

**V2137** [length of interview (minutes)]

length of interview

2-DIGIT minutes

99. NA.

9996.-9999. NA [EG 1991, WG 1991]; Note: The exact meaning of these codes is not available.

---

**V2138** [disproportional weight (n=1000/1000)]

disproportional weight (n=1000/1000)

Note: See Appendix D for further information  
Not available in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991]

---

**V2139** [proportional weight (n=1250)]

proportional weight (n=1250)

Note: See Appendix D for further information

---

**V2140** [interviewer ID]

Interviewer ID:

6-DIGIT code interviewer ID

000000. INAP, not available in COUNTRY [EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2141** [Gemeindekennziffer]

District ID

Note: Not available in COUNTRY [EG 1996, WG 1996]

8-DIGIT code 'Gemeindekennziffer'

---

**V2142** [Stimmbezirk]

Voting District

Note: Not available for general distribution

---

**V2143** [Postleitzahl]

ZIP-Code

Note: Not available in COUNTRY [EG 1996, WG 1996]

4-DIGIT (number)

**V2144** [Ortsname]

Name of Community

Note: Not available in COUNTRY [EG 1996, WG 1996]

**V2145** [weight (IPF)]

Proportional IPF weight

Note: See Appendix D for further information

**V2146** [weight (IPF/Standard)]

IPF/Standard weight

Note: See Appendix D for further information

**V2147** [Renormed weight]

Renormed weight

Note: weight v2145 proportionally reweighted to sample size  
See Appendix D for further information

**v2148** [R curr.job: Mayer-Status-Scale]

Note: Calculated from v2009 ("Berufsstellungen" current job), the corresponding Status Scores are shown in APPENDIX C

3-DIGIT code Mayer-Status-Score of respondent's current job

998. Missing (no score applicable)

999. NA

000. INAP, R currently not working (all codes except 1,2,8 in V29)

Note: For more information on the Mayer-status-Scale, see:

Mayer, K.U. (1977): *Statushierarchie und Heiratsmarkt. Empirische Analysen zur Struktur des Schichtungssystems in der Bundesrepublik und zur Ableitung einer Statusskala*, in:  
Handl, J.; Mayer, K.U.; Müller, W. (Hrsg.): *Klassenlagen und Sozialstruktur, Empirische Untersuchungen für die Bundesrepublik Deutschland*, Frankfurt

---

**v2149** [R last job: Mayer-Status-Scale]

Note: Calculated from v2013 (“Berufsstellungen” last job), the corresponding Status Scores are shown in APPENDIX C

3-DIGIT code Mayer-Status-Score of respondent’s last job

- 998. Missing (no score applicable)
- 999. NA
- 000. INAP, R never had a job or R currently working (codes 1,2,8 in V29)

---

**v2150** [R prev.job: Mayer-Status-Scale]

Note: Calculated from v2117 (“Berufsstellungen” previous job), the corresponding Status Scores are shown in APPENDIX C

3-DIGIT code Mayer-Status-Score of respondent’s previous job

- 998. Missing (no score applicable)
- 999. NA
- 000. INAP, R never had a job (before)

---

**v2151** [partner job: Mayer-Status-Scale]

Note: Calculated from v2053 (“Berufsstellungen” partner's job), the corresponding Status Scores are shown in APPENDIX C

3-DIGIT code Mayer-Status-Score of partner’s job

- 998. Missing (no score applicable)
- 999. NA
- 000. INAP, no partner or partner not working

---

**v2152** [father job: Mayer-Status-Scale]

Note: Calculated from v2115 (“Berufsstellungen” father's job), the corresponding Status Scores are shown in APPENDIX C

3-DIGIT code Mayer-Status-Score of father’s job

- 998. Missing (no score applicable)
- 999. NA
- 000. INAP, father had worked up till then or father unknown or father was dead

---

**V2200** [Q9: employment temporary/permanent]

Do you currently have a temporary or permanent contract of employment?

1. temporary
2. permanent
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, currently not working or not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2201** [Q9A: employment limitation/month]

On how many months is your current job limited?

3-DIGIT code, number of months

998. DK
999. NA
000. INAP, currently not working or not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2202** [Q9B: reason for having a temporary job]

For what reason do you have a temporary job contract?

1. could not find a permanent job
2. did not want a permanent job
3. probation period
4. vocational training
5. active labour market job
6. other reason
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, currently not working or not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2203** [Q21B:years of school education]

Could you tell me, how many years you have spent at school altogether, before you obtained that certificate?

2-DIGIT code, number of years

98. DK
  99. NA
  00. INAP, still in school or not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]
-

**V2204** [Q22A: length vocational training/month]

How many months did you spent on vocational training for obtaining your qualification(s)?

3-DIGIT code, number of month

- 998. DK
- 999. NA
- 000. INAP, still in education or not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

**V2205** [Q34E: experienced injustice for little money]

Sometimes people experience injustice in their lives. How often did you personally experience injustice because you had too little money.

Note: Same question was asked in East Germany 1996 for the time before 1989. See V2059 and V2061 for equivalent questions.

- 1. very often
- 2. often
- 3. sometimes
- 4. rarely
- 5. never
  
- 8. DK
- 9. NA
- 0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

**V2206** [Q34H: experienced injustice: other reason]

Sometimes people experience injustice in their lives. How often did you personally experience injustice because of other reasons.

Note: Same question was asked in Germany 1996 for the time before and after 1989. See V2060 and V2062 for equivalent questions.

- 1. very often
- 2. often
- 3. sometimes
- 4. rarely
- 5. never
  
- 8. DK
- 9. NA
- 0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2207** [Q64Q: just/higher income/higher unemploy. Benefits]

It is fair that people with a higher income get higher unemployment benefits in case of unemployment.

1. strongly agree
2. somewhat agree
3. neither agree nor disagree
4. somewhat disagree
5. strongly disagree
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2208** [Q65A: taxes/high income]

How would you judge the level of taxation in Germany? We are talking about all kinds of taxes like social security contributions, income taxes, value added tax (VAT) etc.

Taxes for people with a high income are...

1. much too high
2. too high
3. quite ok
4. too low
5. much too low
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2209** [Q65B: taxes/middle income]

Taxes for people with medium income are...

Note: See V2208 for complete wording of question

1. much too high
2. too high
3. quite ok
4. too low
5. much too low
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2210** [Q65C: taxes/low income]

Taxes for people with low income are...

Note: See V2208 for complete wording of question

1. much too high
2. too high
3. quite ok
4. too low
5. much too low
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2211** [Q71A: goal/social security]

Please consider the following political goals. Concerning the realization of these goals, do you think government in Germany focuses much too little, not enough, appropriate, too much, far too much on these goals?

Social security

1. much too little
2. not enough
3. appropriate
4. too much
5. far too much
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2212** [Q71B: goal/social justice]

Social justice

Note: See V2211 for complete wording of question.

1. much too little
2. not enough
3. appropriate
4. too much
5. far too much
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2213** [Q71C: goal/income security]

## Income security

Note: See V2211 for complete wording of question.

1. much too little
2. not enough
3. appropriate
4. too much
5. far too much
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2214** [Q71D: goal/equality of chance in edu. and job]

## Equality of chances in education and job

Note: See V2211 for complete wording of question.

1. much too little
2. not enough
3. appropriate
4. too much
5. far too much
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2215** [Q71E: goal/secure employment]

## Security of employment

Note: See V2211 for complete wording of question.

1. much too little
2. not enough
3. appropriate
4. too much
5. far too much
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2216** [Q71F: social balance between rich and poor]

Social balance between the rich and the poor

Note: See V2211 for complete wording of question.

1. much too little
2. not enough
3. appropriate
4. too much
5. far too much
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2217** [Q72A: pers. soc. sec./old age ]

How well do you feel the state protects you personally under the following circumstances of life?

Old age

1. very bad
2. bad
3. neither good nor bad
4. good
5. very good
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2218** [Q72B: pers. soc. sec./sickness]

Sickness

Note: See V2217 for complete wording of question.

1. very bad
2. bad
3. neither good nor bad
4. good
5. very good
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2219** [Q72C: pers. soc. sec./unemployment]

Unemployment

Note: See V2217 for complete wording of question.

1. very bad
2. bad
3. neither good nor bad
4. good
5. very good
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2220** [Q72D: pers. soc. sec./income loss]

Loss of income

Note: See V2217 for complete wording of question.

1. very bad
2. bad
3. neither good nor bad
4. good
5. very good
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2221** [Q72E: pers. soc. sec./divorce or separation]

In case of divorce or separation

Note: See V2217 for complete wording of question.

1. very bad
  2. bad
  3. neither good nor bad
  4. good
  5. very good
  
  8. DK
  9. NA
  0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]
-

**V2222** [Q72F: pers. soc. sec./handicap]

Lasting physical or mental handicap

Note: See V2217 for complete wording of question.

1. very bad
2. bad
3. neither good nor bad
4. good
5. very good
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

**V2223** [Q73A: welfare state:welfare/second class citizens]

Let's have a look at some statements on the welfare state in Germany. Please tell me, regarding the following statements, whether you fully agree, somewhat agree, neither agree nor disagree, or whether you disagree somewhat or strongly.

People receiving social assistance benefits are made to feel second class citizens.

1. strongly agree
2. somewhat agree
3. neither agree nor disagree
4. somewhat disagree
5. strongly disagree
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

**V2224** [Q73B: welfare state/no selfhelp]

The welfare state encourages people to stop helping each other.

Note: See V2223 for complete wording of question.

1. strongly agree
2. somewhat agree
3. neither agree nor disagree
4. somewhat disagree
5. strongly disagree
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2225** [Q73C: welfare state/more spending needed]

The government should pay more money on welfare benefits for the poor, even if it leads to higher taxes.

Note: See V2223 for complete wording of question.

1. strongly agree
2. somewhat agree
3. neither agree nor disagree
4. somewhat disagree
5. strongly disagree
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2226** [Q73D: welfare state/most unemployed could find a job]

Most unemployed could find a job if they really wanted one.

Note: See V2223 for complete wording of question.

1. strongly agree
2. somewhat agree
3. neither agree nor disagree
4. somewhat disagree
5. strongly disagree
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2227** [Q73E: welfare state/no care for themselves]

Nowadays the welfare state makes people less willing to look after themselves.

Note: See V2223 for complete wording of question.

1. strongly agree
2. somewhat agree
3. neither agree nor disagree
4. somewhat disagree
5. strongly disagree
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2228** [Q73F: welfare state/exploitation]

Most people on the dole are fiddling in one way or another.

Note: See V2223 for complete wording of question.

1. strongly agree
2. somewhat agree
3. neither agree nor disagree
4. somewhat disagree
5. strongly disagree
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2229** [Q74: resp. for health care:state/person]

Today we talk a lot about the responsibility in cases of social need. According to some, the government should mainly be responsible in case of need, according to others people should care for themselves. According to you: Who do you think should mainly be responsible for paying the costs of health care in case of illness?

1. primarily the state
2. primarily the concerned person himself/herself
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2230** [Q75: resp. for old age pension:state/person]

And who should mainly be responsible for ensuring that people have enough money to live in retirement?

Note: See V2229 for complete wording of question

1. primarily the state
2. primarily the concerned person himself/herself
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2231** [Q76: resp. for unemploy.:state/person ]

And how about provisions in case of unemployment? Who should mainly be responsible for ensuring that people have enough money to live on if they become unemployed?

Note: See V2229 for complete wording of question

1. primarily the state
2. primarily the concerned person himself/herself
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2232** [Q77A: benefits:unemploy.: benefit only for workfare]

Let's have a look at some statements on social security benefits in Germany. Please tell me, regarding the following statements, whether you fully agree, somewhat agree, neither agree nor disagree, or whether you disagree somewhat or strongly.

The state should support the unemployed only if they do voluntary work.

1. strongly agree
2. somewhat agree
3. neither agree nor disagree
4. somewhat disagree
5. strongly disagree
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2233** [Q77B: benefits:welfare state unaffordable]

Our society can no longer afford the welfare state in its present form.

Note: See V2232 for complete wording of question.

1. strongly agree
2. somewhat agree
3. neither agree nor disagree
4. somewhat disagree
5. strongly disagree
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2234** [Q77C: benefits/pension unjust for younger generation]

Our old age pension system is not fair for the younger generation.

Note: See V2232 for complete wording of question.

1. strongly agree
2. somewhat agree
3. neither agree nor disagree
4. somewhat disagree
5. strongly disagree
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2235** [Q77D: benefits/pension rise with income level]

Old age pensions should be increased if the average income in Germany rises.

Note: See V2232 for complete wording of question.

1. strongly agree
2. somewhat agree
3. neither agree nor disagree
4. somewhat disagree
5. strongly disagree
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2236** [Q78:welfare benefits is/estimate amount]

Somebody having no own source of income receives social assistance. Please imagine a single person having no dependent children, receiving social assistance. How much do you think would that person receive monthly, summing up all kinds of benefits?

5-DIGIT code, social assistance in German Marks

- 99997. Refused
- 99998. DK
- 00000. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2237** [Q78A: welfare benefits should/amount]

And how much should a single welfare recipient receive monthly, according to you ?

5-DIGIT code, social assistance in German Marks

Note: See V2236 for complete wording of question

99997. Refused

99998. DK

00000. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2238** [Q79: health insurance]

What provision do you personally have in case of sickness?

1. Obligatory social health care insurance
2. Voluntarily insured in a social health care insurance
3. Privately insured
4. no health care insurance
  
7. Refused
8. Don't know
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2239** [Q80A: personal worry/my financial situation]

From time to time we all worry about the future - how everything is going to be. How about you? Do you worry very often, often, sometimes, rarely or never about the following topics.

My financial situation

1. very often
2. often
3. sometimes
4. rarely
5. never
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2240** [Q80B: personal worry/security of my workplace]

The security of my job.

Note: See V2239 for complete wording of question

1. very often
2. often
3. sometimes
4. rarely
5. never
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, currently not working or not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2241** [Q80C: personal worry/old age pension]

My maintenance as a pensioner.

Note: See V2239 for complete wording of question

1. very often
2. often
3. sometimes
4. rarely
5. never
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, already retired or not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2242** [Q80D: personal worry/well-being of my family]

The well-being of my family

Note: See V2239 for complete wording of question

1. very often
2. often
3. sometimes
4. rarely
5. never
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, already retired or not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2243** [Q80AE:general worry/econ. development]

And how about the situation in Germany in general.

The economic development

1. very often
2. often
3. sometimes
4. rarely
5. never
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2244** [Q80AF:general worry/unemploy]

Development of unemployment

Note: See V2243 for complete wording of question

1. very often
2. often
3. sometimes
4. rarely
5. never
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2245** [Q80AG: general worry/inflation]

Stability of prices

Note: See V2243 for complete wording of question .

1. very often
2. often
3. sometimes
4. rarely
5. never
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2246** [Q80AH: general worry/pension system]

The stability of the pension system

Note: See V2243 for complete wording of question .

1. very often
2. often
3. sometimes
4. rarely
5. never
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2247** [Q80AI: general worry/grow. pol. extremism]

The growing political extremism in Germany

Note: See V2243 for complete wording of question.

1. very often
2. often
3. sometimes
4. rarely
5. never
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2248** [Q81A: just taxes:married couples should pay less taxes]

Fair taxation is a common goal in society. Please consider the following statements on taxation in Germany and tell me whether you fully agree, somewhat agree, neither agree nor disagree, or whether you disagree somewhat or strongly.

Married people should pay less taxes than singles.

1. strongly agree
2. somewhat agree
3. neither agree nor disagree
4. somewhat disagree
5. strongly disagree
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2249** [Q81B: just taxes:equal taxes]

Everybody should pay the same taxes, irrespective of their income.

Note: See V2248 for complete wording of question.

1. strongly agree
2. somewhat agree
3. neither agree nor disagree
4. somewhat disagree
5. strongly disagree
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2250** [Q81C: just taxes:lower taxes for families]

People with children should pay less taxes than people without children.

Note: See V2248 for complete wording of question.

1. strongly agree
2. somewhat agree
3. neither agree nor disagree
4. somewhat disagree
5. strongly disagree
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2251** [Q81D: just taxes:taxation according to state services]

Everybody should pay taxes according to the amount of state services like schools, streets, or cultural institutions he or she receives.

Note: See V2248 for complete wording of question.

1. strongly agree
  2. somewhat agree
  3. neither agree nor disagree
  4. somewhat disagree
  5. strongly disagree
  
  8. DK
  9. NA
  0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]
-

**V2252** [Q81E: just taxes:top earners/fifty percent taxes]

Top earners should pay at least 50 % income taxes.

Note: See V2248 for complete wording of question.

1. strongly agree
2. somewhat agree
3. neither agree nor disagree
4. somewhat disagree
5. strongly disagree
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

**V2253** [Q81F: just taxes:there is no justice in taxation]

There's nothing A fair tax system doesn't exist, because the rich will always find a way to pay less than they should.

Note: See V2248 for complete wording of question.

1. strongly agree
2. somewhat agree
3. neither agree nor disagree
4. somewhat disagree
5. strongly disagree
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

**V2254** [Q82A: women:pension for contributions]

Lately, it has been discussed that women should receive higher old-age social security benefits. Please tell me regarding the following statements, whether you fully agree, somewhat agree, neither agree nor disagree, or whether you disagree somewhat or strongly.

Women should earn old-age pension only if they had been in gainful employment.

1. strongly agree
2. somewhat agree
3. neither agree nor disagree
4. somewhat disagree
5. strongly disagree
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

**V2255** [Q82B: women pension:divorced men must share]

It is unfair if men have to share their old-age pension with their divorced wives.

Note: See V2254 for complete wording of question.

1. strongly agree
2. somewhat agree
3. neither agree nor disagree
4. somewhat disagree
5. strongly disagree
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

**V2256** [Q82C: women pension:benefits for children]

The education of children should be rewarded with old-age pension benefits for women, like if they had been in gainful employment.

Note: See V2254 for complete wording of question.

1. strongly agree
2. somewhat agree
3. neither agree nor disagree
4. somewhat disagree
5. strongly disagree
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

**V2257** [Q82D: women pension:unjust widow pensions]

It is not just if the widow of a high-paid former husband earns a higher pension than the widow of a lower paid former husband.

Note: See V2254 for complete wording of question.

1. strongly agree
2. somewhat agree
3. neither agree nor disagree
4. somewhat disagree
5. strongly disagree
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

**V2258** [Q82E: women pension:basic pension]

All Germans should earn a basic pension.

Note: See V2254 for complete wording of question.

1. strongly agree
2. somewhat agree
3. neither agree nor disagree
4. somewhat disagree
5. strongly disagree
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

**V2259** [Q82F: women pension: from the husbands]

It is fair that women derive their old-age social security mainly from their husbands.

Note: See V2254 for complete wording of question.

1. strongly agree
2. somewhat agree
3. neither agree nor disagree
4. somewhat disagree
5. strongly disagree
  
8. DK
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

**V2260** [Q97:birthplace]

Where were you born?

Note: In 1991 and 1996, question on the place of birth was asked in V2127.

1. former GDR [WG], including West-Berlin
2. former East-Germany [EG], including East-Berlin
3. former Germany territory (Pomerania, Silesia, East Prussia)
4. Foreign country
  
7. refused
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2261** [Q98:panel participation]

A final question: Are you willing to take part in this survey again, in about one year?

1. yes
2. no
3. unsure, perhaps
  
9. NA
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2262** [soz\_west: weight variable]

Weight Variable: West Germany [WG]

Note: See Appendix D for further information

96. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2263** [soz\_ost: weight variable]

Weight Variable: East Germany [EG]

Note: See Appendix D for further information

96. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2264** [soz\_ges: weight variable]

Weight Variable: East- and West Germany

Note: See Appendix D for further information

96. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2270** [QA: other person present]

Did the interview took place with the respondent being the only person present, or have there been any third persons present during the interview?

1. interviewer with respondent alone
2. partner present
3. children present
4. other family members present
5. other persons present
  
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2271** [QB: interruption]

Have anyone of the third persons present interrupted the interview?

1. yes, occasionally
2. yes, often
3. no
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2272** [QC: willingness to answer]

How would you assess the willingness of the respondent to answer the questions?

1. good
2. average
3. bad
4. in the beginning good - later bad
5. in the beginning bad - later good
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2273** [QD: reliability]

How would you assess the reliability of the respondent's answers?

1. reliable
2. less reliable
3. less reliable in some questions
0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2274** [QGA: how many interviews up to this point]

How many interviews did you conduct for this study in this sample point so far?

2-DIGIT code, number of interviews

0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2275** [QGB1: contact telephone call]

Please state the number of times you've tried to come into contact with the respondent by telephone and personally.

By telephone

3-DIGIT code, contacts by telephone

996. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2276** [QGB2: contact personally]

Contacts personally

Note: See V2275 for complete wording of question

3-DIGIT code, personal contacts

996. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2277** [QHA: interviewer sex]

Sex: Interviewer

1. male
2. female

0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2278** [QHB: interviewer age]

Age of Interviewer

2-DIGIT code, age

96. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

---

**V2279** [QHC: interviewer education]

Education: Interviewer

1. general primary education
2. medium formal education
3. polytechnic secondary school
4. certificate of secondary formal education (German Abitur)
5. lower and higher tertiary

0. INAP, not asked in COUNTRY [EG 1991, WG 1991, EG 1996, WG 1996]

### **III. List of Appendices**

- A. "Berufsstellungen" Codes and Content (German version)
- B. Categories of formal education
- C. Mayer-Status Scores of the German List of Occupations
- D. Description of weight variables
- E. List of SPSS variables

## Appendix A. “Berufsstellungen” Codes and Content (German Version)

Note: In Germany 1991, the list of “Berufsstellungen” differs from the list used in 1996 and 2000. The two lists are both different from the international list of “Berufsstellungen” used in the core-section. For the mode of transformation see Appendix C

### German codes used in 1991

self-employed farmer with an area of ...

10. less than 10 hectares
11. at least 10 hectares, but less than 20 hectares
12. at least 20 hectares, but less than 50 hectares
13. 50 hectares or more
14. farmer in agricultural cooperative

academic professionals

15. no further or one further employee
16. two to nine further employees
17. ten to 49 further employees

self-employed in manufacturing industry, service sector, trade or commerce  
(including other non-academic professions)

21. no further or one further employee
22. two to nine further employees
23. ten to 49 further employees
24. 50 to 99 further employees
25. other self-employed non-professionals
26. member of a production association
30. helps out, assists in family business

“Beamte” (civil servant), judges

40. civil servant with routine clerical tasks  
(highest formal educational qualification: Certificate of General Elementary Education or Polytechnical secondary school qualification - completion of 8th form)
41. civil servant with some self-directed responsibilities  
(highest formal educational qualification: Certificate of Intermediate Education or Polytechnical secondary school qualification - completion of 10th form)
42. civil servant, self-directed but under supervision  
(highest formal educational qualification: Certificate of Secondary Formal Education: Abitur or Extended secondary school qualification - completion of 12th form)
43. civil servant, mainly self-directed  
(highest formal educational qualification: University degree)

“Angestellte” (mainly white-collar, but also blue-collar worker, non government)

50. supervisor or foreman of manual workers
51. employee in non-manual occupation doing routine clerical tasks (e.g. shorthand typist, counter clerk, cashier, shop assistant)
52. employee in non-manual occupation having some self-directed responsibilities (e.g. laboratory technician, draftsman, accountant)
53. employee in non-manual occupation, self-directed but under supervision of others (e.g. research officer, secondary school teacher) or having limited supervisory responsibility for other white-collar employees (e.g. head clerk)
54. employee in non-manual occupation, mainly self-directed; or mainly involved in management and policy-making (e.g. head of department or division, manager, major)

“Arbeiter” (blue-collar worker)

60. unskilled worker
61. semi-skilled worker
62. skilled worker
63. site foreman /-woman
64. qualified craftsman /-woman
74. internship, trainee program
75. temporary leave (e.g. maternity leave)
80. housewife
81. retired/disabled/pensioner
82. engaged in vocational training, full-time student at school or university
83. unemployed, looking for work
84. military service/substitute service

#### German codes used in 1996 and 2000

self-employed farmer with an area of ...

10. less than 10 hectares
11. at least 10 hectares, but less than 20 hectares
12. at least 20 hectares, but less than 50 hectares
13. 50 hectares or more
14. farmer in agricultural cooperative
17. self-employed in the fishing industry

member of the professions, self-employed professional or artist

20. no further or one further employee
21. two to nine further employees
22. ten to 49 further employees
23. 50 or more further employees

self-employed in manufacturing industry, service sector, trade or commerce

30. no further or one further employee
31. two to nine further employees
32. ten to 49 further employees
33. 50 to 99 further employees
34. 100 or more further employees
37. member of a production association

“Beamte” (civil servant)

- 40. civil servant with routine clerical tasks, or, in the military: lower enlisted
- 41. civil servant with some self-directed responsibilities, or, in the military: non-commissioned officer
- 42. civil servant, self-directed but under supervision, or, in the military: officer up to captain
- 43. civil servant, mainly self-directed, or mainly involved in management and policy-making, judge, or, in the military: major and higher

“Angestellte” (mainly white-collar, but also blue-collar worker)

- 50. foreman /-woman
- 51. with routine clerical tasks (e.g. shorthand typist, counter clerk, cashier, shop assistant)
- 52. with some self-directed responsibilities (e.g. laboratory technician, draftsman, accountant)
- 53. self-directed but under supervision (e.g. research officer, secondary school teacher) or having limited supervisory responsibility for other white-collar employees (e.g. head clerk)
- 54. mainly self-directed; or mainly involved in management and policy-making (e.g. head of department or division)

“Arbeiter” (blue-collar worker)

- 60. unskilled or semi-skilled worker
- 61. skilled worker
- 62. site foreman /-woman
- 63. qualified craftsman /-woman
- 70. on a farm
- 71. in a workshop
- 72. in retail or wholesale
- 73. in hotel business or catering trade
- 74. in the service or other sector

engaged in vocational training

- 80. in commerce or administration
- 81. in manufacturing industry
- 82. in home economics or agriculture
- 83. in the social or health service
- 84. civil service trainee
- 85. internship, trainee program
- 86. other vocational training

## Appendix B. Categories of Formal Education

### Categories used in 1991:

01. None: Still at school
02. Special school qualification, completion of a special school
03. Lower secondary school qualification, no completion of compulsory education (Grund-/Volksschule ohne Abschluss)
04. Lower secondary school qualification, completion of compulsory education (Grund-/Volksschule mit Abschluss)
05. Middle school qualification (Mittlere Reife)
06. Polytechnical secondary school qualification, completion of 8th form (POS, Abschluss 8. Klasse).
07. Polytechnical secondary school qualification, completion of 10th form (POS, Abschluss 10. Klasse)
08. Extended secondary school without certificate
09. Abitur (Hochschulreife)
  
10. Other school qualification
11. No school qualification
  
98. DK
99. NA

### Categories used in 1996 and 2000:

01. still a pupil at a full-time school of general elementary education or of intermediate general qualification or of higher education (maturity level) (“allgemeinbildende Vollzeitschule”)
02. still a pupil at a school for intermediate vocational qualification. (“Berufsorientierte Aufbau-, Fachschule o.ä.”)
03. left school without a certificate of general elementary education or of intermediate general qualification. (before having reached the 8th, 9th, 10th, or 11th grade)
04. Certificate of General Elementary Education (“Volks-, Hauptschulabschluss”)
05. Certificate of Intermediate Vocational Qualification or of Intermediate Formal Education (“Mittlere Reife, Realschulabschluss, Fachschulreife”)
06. Certificate of “Polytechnische Oberschule” after eight years of education
07. Certificate of “Polytechnische Oberschule” after ten years of education
08. Certificate of Secondary Vocational Qualification (“Fachhochschulreife, Fachgebundene Hochschulreife, Fachoberschule”)
09. Certificate of Secondary Formal Education (“Abitur, allgemeine Hochschulreife, Erweiterte Oberschule (EOS)”)

## Appendix C. Mayer-Status Scores of the German List of Occupations

1991	1996	2000	“Berufsstellung”	Intern. Value <sup>1</sup>	Mayer-Score <sup>2</sup>
	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>Farmers (also Timber industry, animal farmers and fishing industry<sup>3</sup></b>		
10	10	10	self-employed farmer with an area of less than 10 hectares	10	43.0
11	11	11	self-employed farmer with an area of at least 10 hectares, but less than 20 hectares	11	63.0
12	12	12	self-employed farmer with an area of at least 20 hectares, but less than 50 hectares	12	100.0
13	13	13	self-employed farmer with an area of 50 hectares or more	13	135.0
14	14	14	farmer in agricultural cooperative	14	81.5
---	17	17	self-employed in the fishing industry	10	---
	<b>B</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>Member of the professions, self-employed professional or artist</b>		
15	20	20	no further or one further employee	21 (20) <sup>4</sup>	269.0
16	21	21	two to nine further employees	22	311.0
17	22	22	ten to 49 further employees	23	311.0
---	23	23	50 or more further employees	23	311.0
	<b>C</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>Self-employed in manufacturing industry, service sector, trade or commerce</b>		
21	30	30	no further or one further employee	31 (31) <sup>5</sup>	132.0
22	31	31	two to nine further employees	32	162.0
23	32	32	ten to 49 further employees	33	208.0
24	33	33	50 to 99 further employees	34	208.0
---	34	34	100 or more further employees	34	208.0
26	35	35	member of a production association	37	---
25	---	---	Other non-academic profession	36	---
	<b>D</b>	<b>D</b>	<b>“Beamte” (civil servant)</b>		
40	40	40	civil servant with routine clerical tasks, or, in the military: lower enlisted	50	99.0
41	41	41	civil servant with some self-directed responsibilities, or, in the military: non-commissioned officer	51	152.0
42	42	42	civil servant, self-directed but under supervision, or, in the military: officer up to captain	52	215.0
43	43	43	civil servant, mainly self-directed, or mainly involved in management	53	278.0

<sup>1</sup> Code of the international list of the ‚Berufsstellung‘ (See Core-Section for details)

<sup>2</sup> For further information on Mayer-Status-Scores see:

Mayer, K.U. (1977): *Statushierarchie und Heiratsmarkt. Empirische Analysenzur Struktur des Schichtungssystems in der Bundesrepublik und zur Ableitung einer Statusskala*, in Handl, J.; Mayer, K.U.; Müller, W. (Hrsg.): *Klassenlagen und Sozialstruktur, Empirische Untersuchungen für die Bundesrepublik Deutschland*, Frankfurt

<sup>3</sup> The German list of ‚Berufsstellungen‘ referring to farmers is transformed proportionally of farmer into the international list of ‚Berufsstellungen‘. The criteria of transformation is the type of farmer (e.g. small, medium, large etc.), and not the measured size of the farm-area. (For direct comparism of the size of the farm-area: 1 hectare=2,471 acres.)

<sup>4</sup> Respondents who work with no other employees (Code ‚0‘ in v35/v47) were classified with ‚20‘, all others ‚21‘.

<sup>5</sup> Respondents who work with no other employees (Code ‚0‘ in v35/v47) were classified with ‚30‘, all others ‚31‘.

1991	1996	2000	“Berufsstellung”	Intern. Value <sup>1</sup>	Mayer-Score <sup>2</sup>
			and policy-making, judge, or, in the military: major and higher		
	<b>E</b>	<b>E</b>	<b>“Angestellte” (mainly white-collar, but also blue-collar worker, non government)</b>		
50	50	50	supervisor or foreman of manual workers	65	141.0
51	51	51	employee in non-manual occupation doing routine clerical tasks (e.g. shorthand typist, counter clerk, cashier, shop assistant)	60	124.5
52	52	52	employee in non-manual occupation having some self-directed responsibilities (e.g. laboratory technician, draftsman, accountant)	61	162.5
53	53	53	employee in non-manual occupation, self-directed but under supervision of others(e.g. research officer, secondary school teacher) or having limited supervisory responsibility for other white-collar employees (e.g. head clerk)	62	201.5
54	54	54	employee in non-manual occupation, mainly self-directed; or mainly involved in management and policy-making (e.g. head of department or division, manager, major)	63	247.0
	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>“Arbeiter” (blue-collar worker)</b>		
60			unskilled worker	70	---
61			semi-skilled worker	71	42.9
	60	60	unskilled or semi-skilled worker	71	42.9
62	61	61	skilled worker	72	80.0
63	62	62	site foreman / -woman	73	101.0
64	63	63	qualified craftsman / -woman	73	125.0
	<b>G</b>	<b>G</b>	<b>Helps out in family business</b>		
30	70	70	on a farm	40	---
30	71	71	in a workshop	40	---
30	72	72	in retail or wholesale	40	---
30	73	73	in hotel business or catering trade	40	---
30	74	74	in the service or other sector	40	---
	<b>H</b>	<b>H</b>	<b>engaged in vocational training</b>		
---	80	80	in commerce or administration	80	---
---	81	81	in manufacturing industry	80	---
---	82	82	in home economics or agriculture	80	---
---	83	83	in the social or health service	80	---
---	84	84	civil service trainee	80	---
---	85	85	Internship, trainee program	80	---
---	86	86	other vocational training	80	---
74	---	---	Trainee program	80	---
75	---	---	Temporary leave (e.g. maternity leave)	---	---
80	---	---	Housewife	---	---
81	---	---	retired/disabled/pensioner	---	---
82	---	---	Engaged in vocational training, full-time student at school or university	80	---
83	---	---	Unemployed, looking for work	---	---
84	---	---	Military service/substitute service	---	---

## Appendix D. Description of Weight Variables

The survey institute provided a weight variable for the data set (V2139). This weight variable accomplishes two things: it corrects for the selection bias due to household size (respondents within large households have a smaller chance of being selected than respondents from small households) and it corrects for distribution skewness produced by refusals and other non-neutral reasons for not completing an interview. For this latter correction the weight construction uses an iterative proportional fitting procedure by which observed combinations of respondent attributes are fitted to tables of combined attributes of other large data sets, e.g. census data.

Based on census data of 1995 (December 31, 1995) the following variables were employed in the fitting procedure: *länder*, community size, and respondent's sex and age. Based on the East's six *länder* and the West's 11 (counting West and East Berlin as two separate *länder*), on five classes of community size and on five age groups, the Western weight matrix contains 223 and the Eastern matrix 122 cells.

After the 1996 data set had been produced an alternative weight variable was created that would be applicable to both the 1991 and the 1996 surveys. It should be noted that in 1991 a different survey institute (infas, Bonn) was involved. This meant that statisticians of both institutes had possibly used different fitting procedures and different break-down categories for the tables. Another problem was that it could not be reconstructed whether in 1991 a table of all possible combinations of attributes was used for an iterative simultaneous fit, considering all possible interactions, or whether independent runs for some of the attributes were made. Finally, in working with the data from the two different years consideration had to be given to the fact that in 1991 the East had been overrepresented by about 1.5, whereas as in 1996 the overrepresentation was 2.5.

Joining the 1991 and 1996 data sets, therefore, a new weighting variable for the East and the West was constructed (V2145), also based on iterative proportional fitting involving *länder*, community sizes, sex, and age. Community size and *länder* were estimated separately, however, because of not available tables for very small communities as a consequence of German data protection laws.

In addition a weight variable V2147 was constructed reflecting the actual distribution of cases in 1991/1996 and East/West which should be used when comparing East and West Germany across the two time points of measurements.

## Appendix E. List of SPSS variables

Note: '0' means missing in COUNTRY

Variablen	EG 91	WG 91	EG 96	WG 96	EG 00	WG 00	Label
<b>Country specific section</b>							
V2001							F3. 1st person household
V2002							F3. 2nd person household
V2003							F3. 3rd person household
V2004							F3. 4th person household
V2005							F3. 5th person household
V2006							F3. 6th person household
V2007							F3. number further people in household
V2008	0	0					F3a. number people working
V2009							F6a. current job: Berufsstellung
V2010							F7. current job: entry of ISCO
V2011							F9. current job: rough number employees
V2012							F12a. current job: duration
V2013							F15a. last job: Berufsstellung
V2014							F16. last job: entry of ISCO
V2015							F18. last job: rough number employees
V2016							F22. last job: duration
V2017							F24. education
V2018	0	0					F24a. graduation: year
V2019							F25. vocational education: currently
V2020							F25. vocational education: student
V2021							F25. voc. education: Betr.Anlernzeit
V2022							F25. voc. education: Gewerbl.Anlernzeit
V2023							F25. vocational education: Kaufm.Lehre
V2024							F25. vocational education: Landw.Lehre
V2025	0	0					F25. voc. education: Berufsfachschule
V2026							F25. vocational education: internship
V2027							F25. vocational education: Meister
V2028							F25. vocational education: Fachschule
V2029							F25. voc. education: Fachhochschule
V2030	0	0					F25. voc. educ.: Hochschule ohne Diplom
V2031							F25. voc. educ.: Hochschule mit Diplom
V2032							F25. vocational education: other
V2033							F25. vocational education: none
V2034							F26. marital status
V2035							F26a. partner
V2036							F27. partner: education
V2037	0	0					F27a. partner graduation: year
V2038							F28. partner voc. education: currently
V2039							F28. partner voc. education: Student
V2040							F28. partner voc. educ.: Betr.Anlernzeit
V2041							F28. partner voc. educ.: Gew. Anlernzeit
V2042							F28. partner voc. education: Kaufm.Lehre
V2043							F28. partner voc. education: Landw.Lehre
V2044	0	0					F28. partner voc. educ.: Berufsfachsch.
V2045							F28. partner voc. education: internship
V2046							F28. partner voc. education: Meister
V2047							F28. partner voc. education: Fachschule
V2048							F28. partner voc. educ.: Fachhochschule
V2049	0	0					F28. partner voc. educ.: Hochsch. o/Dipl
V2050							F28. partner voc. educ.: Hochsch. m/Dipl
V2051							F28. partner vocational education: other

Variablen	EG 91	WG 91	EG 96	WG 96	EG 00	WG 00	Label
V2052							F28. partner vocational education: none
V2053							F31a. partner: Berufsstellung
V2054							F32. partner job: entry of ISCO
V2055					0	0	F37. other region poor: percentage
V2056					0	0	F38. other region poor: development
V2057					0	0	F41. other region rich: percentage
V2058					0	0	F42. other region rich: development
V2059	0	0	0		0	0	F45e. discrimination <89: money
V2060	0	0	0		0	0	F45h. discrimination <89: other
V2061					0	0	F46e. discrimination: money
V2062					0	0	F46h. discrimination: other
V2063		0			0	0	F49a. other region pay is: education
V2064		0			0	0	F49b. other region pay is: working cond
V2065		0			0	0	F49c. other region pay is: effort
V2066		0			0	0	F49d. other region pay is: family size
V2067		0			0	0	F49e. other region pay is:responsibility
V2068		0			0	0	F49f. other region pay is: seniority
V2069		0			0	0	F49g. other region pay: sex
V2070							F54a. future satisfaction: income
V2071							F54b. future satisfaction: job
V2072							F54c. future satisfact.: living standard
V2073							F54d. future satisfact.: polit. system
V2074							F54e. future satisfaction: whole
V2075							F55. income source: pension
V2076							F55. income source: other pension
V2077							F55. income source: welfare/study grant
V2078							F55. income source: other
V2079							F55. income source: refused
V2080							F55. income source: DK
V2081	0	0					F55a. number of income recipients
V2082	0	0			0	0	F60. household income: evaluation
V2083	0	0					F62. job income: evaluation
V2084	0	0					F68. chairman income: evaluation
V2085	0	0					F70. worker income: evaluation
V2086		0					F71. income differences other region
V2087							F75a. party sympathy
V2088					0	0	F81a. other region: equal opportunities
V2089					0	0	F81b. other region: reward for effort
V2090					0	0	F81c. other region: people get what need
V2091					0	0	F81d. other region: reward for intellig
V2092							F84a. operation: usefulness
V2093							F84b. operation: hospital regulations
V2094							F84c. operation: money
V2095							F84d. operation: largest family
V2096	0	0					F84e. operation: decision of families
V2097							F84f. operation: lottery
V2098							F85g. flat: usefulness
V2099	0	0					F85h. flat: regulations
V2100	0	0					F85j. flat: money
V2101							F85k. flat: largest family
V2102							F85l. flat: decision of employees
V2103							F85m. flat: lottery
V2104	0	0					F86p. nationality: usefulness
V2105	0	0					F86q. nationality: regulations
V2106	0	0					F86r. nationality: money
V2107	0	0					F86s. nationality: largest family
V2108	0	0					F86t. nationality: decision of applic.

Variablen	EG 91	WG 91	EG 96	WG 96	EG 00	WG 00	Label
V2109	0	0					F86u. nationality: lottery
V2110	0	0					F89h. get ahead: from West, not East
V2111					0	0	F90a. state provision
V2112					0	0	F90b. personal provision
V2113							F93. father: employment
V2114							F93a. father: reason for unemployment
V2115							F94a. job father: Berufsstellung
V2116							F95. job father: entry of ISCO
V2117							F99a. previous job: description
V2118							F100. previous job: entry of ISCO
V2119							F101a. name religious denomination
V2120	0	0					F101c. how close to religious community
V2121	0	0					F102. member of trade union
V2122	0	0					F102a. how close to trade union
V2123							F103. eligible to vote in election 94
V2124							F105. party voted for
V2125	0	0					F105a. would vote for which party now
V2126	0	0					F106. residence in summer 89
V2127					0	0	F107. place of birth
V2128					0	0	F108. resident in East since month
V2129					0	0	F108. resident in East since year
V2130					0	0	F109. former place of residence
V2131	0	0			0	0	F110. telephone
V2132	0	0					ADM-net
V2133	0	0					sampling point in net
V2134							Bundesland
V2135	0	0					Regierungsbezirk
V2136							size community (BIK)
V2137							length of interview
V2138	0	0					disproportional weight (n 1000/1000)
V2139							proportional weight (n 1250)
V2140			0	0			interviewer ID
V2141			0	0			Gemeindekennziffer
V2142	0	0	0	0	0	0	Stimmbezirk
V2143			0	0			Postleitzahl
V2144			0	0			Ortsname
V2145					0	0	Weight(IPF)
V2146					0	0	Weight(IPF/Standard)
V2147					0	0	Renormed weight
V2148							R.curr job: Mayerskala
V2149							R.last job: Mayerskala
V2150							R.prev. job: Mayerskala
V2151							Partner job: Mayerskala
V2152							Father job: Mayerskala .
<b>New Questions (added in 2000)</b>							
V2200	0	0	0	0			Q9: employment temporary/permanent
V2201	0	0	0	0			Q9A: employment limitation/month
V2202	0	0	0	0			Q9B: reason for having a temporary job
V2203	0	0	0	0			Q21B: years of school education
V2204	0	0	0	0			Q22A: length vocational training/month
V2205	0	0	0	0			Q34E: experienced injustice for little money
V2206	0	0	0	0			Q34H: experienced injustice: other reason
V2207	0	0	0	0			Q64Q: just/higher income/higher unemploy. benefits
V2208	0	0	0	0			Q65A: taxes/high income
V2209	0	0	0	0			Q65B: taxes/middle income
V2210	0	0	0	0			Q65C: taxes/low income
V2211	0	0	0	0			Q71A: goal/social security
V2212	0	0	0	0			Q71B: goal/social justice

Variablen	EG 91	WG 91	EG 96	WG 96	EG 00	WG 00	Label
V2213	0	0	0	0			Q71C: goal/income security
V2214	0	0	0	0			Q71D: goal/equality of chance in edu. and job
V2215	0	0	0	0			Q71E: goal/secure employment
V2216	0	0	0	0			Q71F: social balance between rich and poor
V2217	0	0	0	0			Q72A: pers. soc. sec./old age
V2218	0	0	0	0			Q72B: pers. soc. sec./sickness
V2219	0	0	0	0			Q72C: pers. soc. sec./unemployment
V2220	0	0	0	0			Q72D: pers. soc. sec./income loss
V2221	0	0	0	0			Q72E: pers. soc. sec./divorce or separation
V2222	0	0	0	0			Q72F: pers. soc. sec./handicap
V2223	0	0	0	0			Q73A: welfare state:welfare/second class citizens
V2224	0	0	0	0			Q73B: welfare state/no selfhelp
V2225	0	0	0	0			Q73C: welfare state/more spending needed
V2226	0	0	0	0			Q73D: welfare state/most unemployed could find a job
V2227	0	0	0	0			Q73E: welfare state/no care for themselves
V2228	0	0	0	0			Q73F: welfare state/exploitation
V2229	0	0	0	0			Q74: resp. for health care:state/person
V2230	0	0	0	0			Q75: resp. for old age pension:state/person
V2231	0	0	0	0			Q76: resp. for unemploy.:state/person
V2232	0	0	0	0			Q77A: benefits:unemploy.: benefit only for workfare
V2233	0	0	0	0			Q77B: benefits:welfare state unaffordable
V2234	0	0	0	0			Q77C: benefits/pension unjust for younger generation
V2235	0	0	0	0			Q77D: benefits/pension rise with income level
V2236	0	0	0	0			Q78:welfare benefits is/estimate amount
V2237	0	0	0	0			Q78A: welfare benefits should/amount
V2238	0	0	0	0			Q79: health insurance
V2239	0	0	0	0			Q80A: personal worry/my financial situation
V2240	0	0	0	0			Q80B: personal worry/security of my workplace
V2241	0	0	0	0			Q80C: personal worry/old age pension
V2242	0	0	0	0			Q80D: personal worry/well-being of my family
V2243	0	0	0	0			Q80AE:general worry/econ. development
V2244	0	0	0	0			Q80AF:general worry/unemploy
V2245	0	0	0	0			Q80AG: general worry/inflation
V2246	0	0	0	0			Q80AH: general worry/pension system
V2247	0	0	0	0			Q80AI: general worry/grow. pol. extremism
V2248	0	0	0	0			Q81A: just taxes:married couples should pay less taxes
V2249	0	0	0	0			Q81B: just taxes:equal taxes
V2250	0	0	0	0			Q81C: just taxes:lower taxes for families
V2251	0	0	0	0			Q81D: just taxes:taxation according to state services
V2252	0	0	0	0			Q81E: just taxes:top earners/fifty percent taxes
V2253	0	0	0	0			Q81F: just taxes:there is no justice in taxation
V2254	0	0	0	0			Q82A: women:pension for contributions
V2255	0	0	0	0			Q82B: women pension:divorced men must share
V2256	0	0	0	0			Q82C: women pension:benefits for children
V2257	0	0	0	0			Q82D: women pension:unjust widow pensions
V2258	0	0	0	0			Q82E: women pension:basic pension
V2259	0	0	0	0			Q82F: women pension: from the husbands
V2260	0	0	0	0			Q97:birthplace

Variablen	EG 91	WG 91	EG 96	WG 96	EG 00	WG 00	Label
V2261	0	0	0	0			Q98:panel participation
V2262	0	0	0	0			soz_west: weight variable
V2263	0	0	0	0			soz_ost: weight variable
V2264	0	0	0	0			soz_ges: weight variable
V2270	0	0	0	0			QA: other person present
V2271	0	0	0	0			QB: interruption
V2272	0	0	0	0			QC: willingness to answer
V2273	0	0	0	0			QD: reliability
V2274	0	0	0	0			QGA: how many interviews up to this point
V2275	0	0	0	0			QGB1: contact telephone call
V2276	0	0	0	0			QGB2: contact personally
V2277	0	0	0	0			QHA: interviewer sex
V2278	0	0	0	0			QHB: interviewer age
V2279	0	0	0	0			QHC: interviewer education